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		Assembly	
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	This instru	uction manual is	the main reference document for	or the use and operation
	of IMU3-2A m	icro gyroscope c	combination.	-
	The micr	ro-gyroscope as	sembly can be configured in	nto biaxial or triaxial
	according to	the customer's	requirements. This manual de	escribes the three-axis
	gyroscope asso manual.	embly, and the	biaxial product also meets th	e requirements of this
	This instr	ruction manual	is mainly prepared in accordar	nce with the Technical
	Agreement of	IMU3-2A Micro	Gyroscope Assembly and the	Technical Conditions of
	IMU3 Inertia	l Measurement U	Jnit and Triaxial Gyroscope Asso	embly.
	1 Product f	eatures and te	chnical parameters	
	1.1 Compos	sition and func	etion	
	The micr	o gyroscope as	ssembly is composed of a th	nree-axis gyroscope, a
	temperature ser	nsor, a signal pro	ocessing board, a structure and a	necessary software, and
	is used for mea	asuring the three	e-axis/two-axis angular rate of a	carrier, and outputting
	_	•	ected to error compensation	
	_		alignment angle compensation, a	
	protocol.	illough an KS-4	22 serial port according to an	agreed communication
	protocor.			
	1.2 Main te	chnical parame	eters	
	1.2.1 Gyroso	cope specificat	tions	
	a) Meas	uring range: ± 40	00 °/s	
	b) Zero-	bias stability (@	Allan variance): $\leq 1$ °/H	
	c) Zero-	bias stability (1s	smooth, $1\sigma$ , room temperature):	≤ 10 °/H
Tracing	d) Zero	bias error within	full temperature range: $\leq 20$ °/H	
	e) Rando	om walk: ≤ 0.2 °	/√ H	
Trace	f) Zero-	bias repeatability	y:≤10°/h	
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		g) Zero 1	bias acceleration	n sensitivity: ≤ 1 °/H/G	
CAD		h) Resol	ution: $\leq 0.001$ °.	/s	
		i) Scale	factor nonlinear	rity: ≤ 100ppm	
		j) Repea	atability of scale	factor: ≤ 100ppm	
		k) Cross	coupling: $\leq 0.1$	%	
		l) Bandy	width: ≤250Hz		
		m) Weigh	ht: $(52 \pm 5)$ G		
		1.2.2 Power	supply requir	ements	
		a) Suppl	y voltage: (+ 5	± 0.5) V (DC);	
		b) Power	r supply current	: working current < 0.3A;	
		1.2.3 Enviro	nmental adap	tability	
		a) Worl	king temperature	e: (-45 ~ 85) °C	
		b) Stora	age temperature	: (-55 ~ 105) °C	
		c) Vibra	ation: 10 ~ 2000	0Hz, 6.06g	
		d) Impa	act: 5000 G, 0.11	ms	
		2 Space coo	ordinate syste	m	
		2.1 Right H	and Rule Prin	ciple 1	
		The three	e-degree-of-free	dom gyroscope contained in	the micro-gyroscope
		assembly repre	sents the spatia	l coordinate system of three axe	es, namely X, Y and Z.
		The X axis po	ints to the dire	ction of the electrical connection	on interface, the Y axis
		points to the le	ft side of the mi	cro-gyroscope assembly, and the	Z axis refers to the top
		surface of the n	nicro-gyro asser	nbly, as shown in Figure 2-1.	
Tracing	-			微陀螺组合	
-2401110	1			XX_XXX Ax	
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		Fig	gure 2-1 Space Coo	ordinate System of Micro Gyroscope	Combination
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of the coordinate s	CAD	

The installation of the micro-gyroscope assembly should match the axial direction of the coordinate system, otherwise the measured angular velocity data is not accurate. Following the "right hand rule principle 1", you can quickly assign and determine the axis of the coordinate system. Stretch out the right hand and spread out the thumb, index finger and middle finger respectively. The direction of the thumb is the X axis, the direction of the index finger is the Y axis, and the direction of the middle finger is the Z axis, as shown in Figure 2-2.

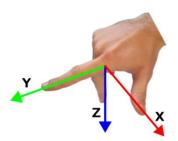


Figure 2-2 Right Hand Rule Principle 1

# 2.2 Right hand rule principle two

The angular velocity in three directions can be measured by a three-degree-of-freedom gyroscope combined with a micro-gyroscope. The direction of the angular velocity of the axial rotation of the coordinate axis can be quickly determined by following the "right-hand rule principle 2". Stretch out the right hand and unfold the thumb. The direction of the thumb is the axial direction. The direction of the other four fingers is the positive direction of angular velocity of the axial rotation of the thumb. The opposite direction of bending the four fingers is the negative direction of angular velocity, as shown in Figure 2-3.



Figure 2-3 Right Hand Rule Principle 2

## 3 Structural installation

See Figure 3-1 for the outline drawing of IMU3-2A micro gyroscope assembly.

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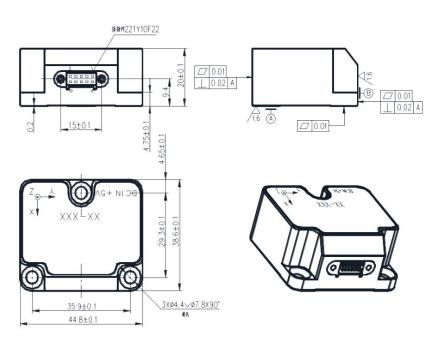


Figure 3-1 Outline drawing of micro gyroscope assembly

In the figure, "IMU3-2A-XX" is the product code ", and the last two digits" -XX "represent the sensitive axis. For example," XY "represents that the sensitive axis is X axis and Y axis," XZ "represents that the sensitive axis is X axis and Z axis," YZ "represents that sensitive axis is Y axis and Z axis, and none of the last two digits represents the three axes of X, Y and Z.

"XX-XXX" is the product number.

The IMU3-2A micro gyroscope assembly is installed through three  $\Phi$ 4.4 through holes and three M4 countersunk head screws. When installing the connector, the plug shall be locked with the socket and the cable shall be fixed. In the figure  $\Phi \setminus \Phi$  It is the installation reference plane of the micro gyroscope group.

It is recommended that the flatness of the mounting surface opposite to the reference surface shall not be greater than 0.01 mm, the verticality shall not be greater than 0.02 mm, and the surface roughness shall not exceed 0.8  $\mu$ m.

## 4 Electrical characteristics

### 4.1 Electrical interface

The model of electrical connector of IMU3-2A micro gyroscope assembly is 221Y10F22, the manufacturer is NICOMATIC, and the connector matched with the product is H222S10M11D6A150B. See Table 4-1 and Figure 4-1 for the specific

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distribution of contacts.

Table 4-1 Contact Distribution Table

Node number	Node definition	Туре	Explain
1	GND	SUPPLY	Power ground <sup>(4)</sup>
2	ExtTrig	INPUT	External Trigger Source <sup>(3)</sup>
3	VSUP	SUPPLY	Positive end of product power supply, DC regulated power supply + 5V
4	TxD+	OUTPUT	Product RS422 output interface positive terminal
5	TxD-	OUTPUT	Product RS422 output interface negative terminal
6	CHASSIS	CHASSIS	Product mechanically isolated from power ground
7	GND	INPUT	Signal Ground <sup>(4)</sup>
8	NRST	INPUT	Reset signal <sup>(2)</sup>
9	RxD-	INPUT	Product RS422 receiving interface negative terminal
10	RxD+	INPUT	Product RS422 receiving interface positive terminal

### Note:

- (1) The reference object of the sending and receiving function of RS422 communication in the table is the micro-gyroscope combination.
- (2) The reset signal needs to be specially configured according to the requirements. The default micro-gyroscope combination does not have this configuration. The internal configuration is a 3.3 V pull-up resistor, which can be suspended or connected to VSUP.
- (3) The external trigger source needs to be specially configured according to the requirements. The default micro-gyroscope combination does not have this configuration. The internal configuration is a 3.3 V pull-up resistor, which can be suspended or grounded.
- (4) The signal ground and the power ground are connected together by magnetic beads, which can be considered to be electrically connected.

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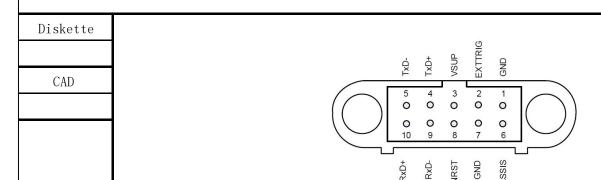


Fig. 4-1 Configuration Diagram of Connector Node (Seen from the Outside of the Product)

## 4.2 Electrical interface connections

The use of the IMU3-2A micro-gyro combination is very simple. If no special additional functions are required, data will be sent through the RS422 communication interface protocol about 2S after the micro-gyroscope assembly is powered on. Figure 4-2 is a simple interconnection diagram of the IMU3-2A micro gyroscope assembly.

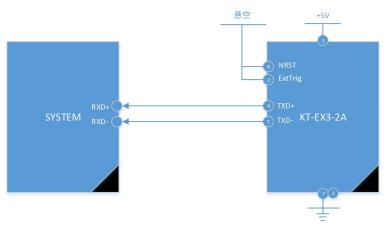


Fig. 4-2 Electrical connection 1

If all functions of the IMU3-2A micro-gyroscope assembly are to be used, it is necessary to interconnect with the micro-gyroscope assembly as shown in Figure 4-3.

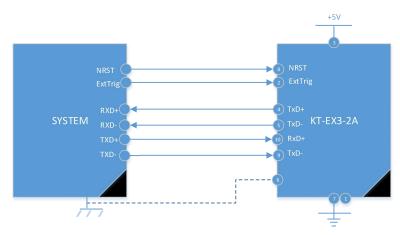


Figure 4-3 Electrical connection 2

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4.3 Additional Function 1: Reset	
The IMU3-2A microgyroscope assembly has a separate digital input	nt pin (NRST)
that allows the IMU3-2A to be reset without re-powering up if the mi	icrogyroscope
assembly has completed a specific configuration. The trigger mode of the	NRST signal
can be specially defined according to the requirements.	
4.4 Additional function 2: external trigger	
The IMU3-2A micro gyroscope assembly has an independent dig	ital input pin
(ExtTrig). If the micro gyroscope assembly completes a specific configu	
send data through the RS422 communication interface protocol when	it receives an
external trigger source signal and generates an interrupt. The frequency of	f the sent data
is synchronized with the frequency of the ExtTrig signal. However,	there are two
special cases where sending data is not affected by an external trigger sou	rce:
a) In the normal mode, send the command 'C' to the micro-gyrosco	ope assembly,
test the RS422 interface, and the micro-gyroscope assembly will	transmit the
configuration data stream without being affected by the external trigger so	ource.
b) In the power-on initialization state, the micro-gyroscope assem	bly sends the
initialization state data without being affected by the external trigger source	ce.
Figure 4-4 is the timing diagram of sending data by the external to	rigger source.
The sampling frequency of the micro gyroscope group is 2000 Hz. The ex	xternal trigger
source shall not be higher than the sampling frequency. Latency is the del	
trigger data.	, ,
Verternal ,sample   Ver	
微陀螺组采样频率	
	+5   
微陀螺组预采集的数据 #n #n+1 #n+2 #n+3 #n+4	#n+5
微陀螺组可发送的有效数据 #n-1 #n #n+1 #n+2 #n+3	#n+4
外部驗发源	
微陀螺组发送的数据 #n+1 #n+1	#n+4
Latency   Latency   Latency   Latency   Latency	
Tracing Figure 4-4 External Trigger Timing Diagram	
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# 5 Communication interface

# 5.1 Configurable parameters

The product communication protocol can be configured through the upper computer software, and the configurable parameters are shown in Table 5-1 below.

Table 5-1 Product Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Configuration va	alue	Explain
Data frame	Standard data frame (II  Extended Data Frame (II  'Angular Velocity + gyro temperature '  'Angular Velocity + counter 'data  'Angular Velocity + time delay 'data  'Angular Velocity + counter + delay 'data  'Angular Velocity + gyro temperature +  = 0x99)  'Angular Velocity + gyro temperature (ID = 0 xA6)  'Angular Velocity + gyro temperature frame (ID = 0xA6)	See Section 5.3 for the specific data frame format, and you can choose one of them to send.  See Table 5-2 for the relationship between data frame, baud rate and update rate.	
RS422 baud rate	460800bps 921600bps	Refer to Table 5-2 for baud rate limit conditions.	
RS422 check digit	NONE (no chec ODD (odd parit EVEN (even pari		
RS422 stop bit	1 bit 2 bits		
Low-pass filter bandwidth	-3dB frequency  16Hz 33Hz 66Hz 131Hz 262Hz	The filter setting is independent of the data update rate. The low-pass filter is a second-order IIR.	
Data update rate	125Hz 250Hz 500Hz 1000Hz 2000Hz	Refer to Table 5-2 for data update rate restrictions.	
Restore factory settings	Restore factory set Restore factory settings	•	

*Note:* In this manual, 0x 90 and 90H both represent the hexadecimal number 90, and the corresponding decimal number is 144. Others are similar.

## 5.2 Communication interface

By using RS-422 standard communication interface to communicate with the product, the transmission baud rate and data update rate can be configured by the upper

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	computer software	. Table 5-2 sh	ows the maxim	um data update	rate corresponding to
217	the transmission ba			•	1 0
CAD		Table 5-2 Data Fran	ne, Baud Rate and M	aximum Data Update	Rate
			tion baud rate	460800 bit/s	
	A data frame	is sent		400800 0108	321000 0108
	Star	ndard data frame (II	O = 0x90)	2000Hz	2000 Hz
	Exte	nded Data Frame (I	D = 0x92)	2000 Hz	2000 Hz
	'Angular Velocit	ty + gyro temperatu	re 'data frame (ID = (	1000 Hz	2000 Hz
		xA0)			
	_		frame (ID = $0xA2$ )	2000 Hz	2000 Hz
		•	a frame (ID = $0 \text{ xA4}$ )		2000 Hz
			lata frame (ID = $0 \text{ xA}$	Ť	2000 Hz
	'Angular Velocity	y + gyro temperature (ID = 0x99)	e + counter 'data fram	1000 Hz	2000 Hz
	'Angular Veloci	ty + gyro temperatu frame (ID = 0 xA	ure + time delay 'data A6)	1000 Hz	2000 Hz
	'Angular Velocity	+ gyro temperature frame (ID = 0xA	+ delay + counter 'da	1000 Hz	2000 Hz
	following table.				ats are shown in the
	_		a frame format of a	micro gyroscope c	ombination
	Table 5 Parameter name	Valid range	frame format of r	micro gyroscope c	
	Table 5		a frame format of a	micro gyroscope c	ombination
	Table 5 Parameter name	Valid range	frame format of r	Unit: (/s the most first byte	ombination
Tracing	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular	Valid range 90H	Byte Sca	Unit: (/s the most Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte first byte first byte first byte first byte	Remark  I, from high to low, significant bit of the e is the sign bit. See algorithm.  I, from high to low, significant bit of the specific algorithm.  If the specific algorithm is the significant bit of the e is the sign bit. See
	Table 5 Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis	Valid range 90H [-410, 410]	Byte Sca  1 —  3 2	Unit: (/s the most Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  In the most the most the most the most Note Note	nombination  Remark  , from high to low, significant bit of the exist he sign bit. See 1 for the specific algorithm.  , from high to low, significant bit of the
Tracing Trace	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular	Valid range 90H [-410, 410]	Byte Sca  1 —  3 2	Unit: (/s the most Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Note	Remark  To from high to low, significant bit of the exist the sign bit. See algorithm.  To from high to low, significant bit of the specific algorithm.  To from high to low, significant bit of the exist the sign bit. See all for the specific
	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular velocity	Valid range 90H  [-410, 410]	Byte Sca  1  3  2  3  2  3	Unit: (/s the most Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Note	Remark  The from high to low, significant bit of the sist the sign bit. See all for the specific algorithm.  The from high to low, significant bit of the significant bit of the sist the sign bit. See all for the specific algorithm.
Trace	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular velocity	Valid range 90H  [-410, 410]	Byte Sca  1  3  2  3  2  3	Unit: (/s the most Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Unit: (/s the most first byte Note  Note	Remark  The from high to low, significant bit of the sist the sign bit. See all for the specific algorithm.  The from high to low, significant bit of the significant bit of the sist the sign bit. See all for the specific algorithm.

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CAD		angular velocity					first by	t significant bit of the te is the sign bit. See to 1 for the specific algorithm.
		Gyro status		1			All zero	os are normal. See 5.4
		Checksum		1			CRC	C check, see note 4
		Та	ble 5-4 Extended	l Data Fra	ame F	ormat of N	Micro Gyro	Assembly
		Parameter name	Valid range	Byte		Scale	viiero Gyro	Remark
		Frame header	92H	1	-			
		X-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	,	$2^{-14}$	most sign	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first e sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.
		Y-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	·	$2^{-14}$	most sign	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first e sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.
		Z-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	,	$2^{-14}$	most sign	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first e sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.
		Gyro status		1	=		All zeros	s are normal. See 5.4
		Reserved		1	_			Customized
		Reserved		1	-		1	Customized
		Reserved		1	-			Customized
		Checksum		1	-		CRC	check, see note 4
	Tał	ole 5-5 Data Fra	me Format of "A	ngular Ve	elocity	y + Gyro T	Temperature	" of Micro Gyro Assembl
		Parameter name	Valid range	Byte	e ]	Scale		Remark
		Frame header	A0H	1				
Tracing Trace		X-axis angula	r [-410, 410]	] 3		$2^{-14}$	the most	(/s, from high to low, st significant bit of the yte is the sign bit. See te 1 for the specific
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								algorithm.
CAD	1						Unit:	(/s, from high to low,
			Y-axis angular				the mos	st significant bit of the
	1		_	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	first by	te is the sign bit. See
			velocity				Not	e 1 for the specific
								algorithm.
							Unit:	(/s, from high to low,
							the mos	st significant bit of the
			Z-axis angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	first by	rte is the sign bit. See
			velocity				Not	e 1 for the specific
								algorithm.
			Gyro status		1		All zer	os are normal. See 5.4
			-					°C, from high to low,
								st significant bit of the
			X-axis gyro	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$		rte is the sign bit. See
			temperature				1	e 2 for the specific
								algorithm.
							Unit:	°C, from high to low,
				[-128, 128]				st significant bit of the
			Y-axis gyro		2	$2^{-8}$		rte is the sign bit. See
			temperature				1	e 2 for the specific
								algorithm.
							Unit:	°C, from high to low,
			Temperature of	,				st significant bit of the
			Z-axis	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$		te is the sign bit. See
			gyroscope	[120, 120]	_		1	e 2 for the specific
			gjioseope					algorithm.
			Checksum		1		CPO	C check, see note 4
			Checksum		1		CK	CHCCK, SCC HOIC 4
		_	Table 5-6 Data	Frame Format of	f "Angula	r Velocity + Co	ounter" of N	Aicro Gyro Assembly
			Parameter	Valid names	Dryta	Scale		Domonto
			name	Valid range	Byte	Scale		Remark
			Frame header	A2H	1			
		-					Unit: (/s,	from high to low, the
Tracing	]		X-axis	F 410 4103	2	<b>a</b> –14	most sig	nificant bit of the first
	1		angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	byte is th	ne sign bit. See Note 1
Trace	1		velocity				for the	specific algorithm.
	1		Y-axis	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	Unit: (/s,	from high to low, the
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		angular				most sig	nificant bit of the first	
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						for the	specific algorithm.	
		Z-axis				Unit: (/s.	, from high to low, the	
		angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first	
		velocity	[-410, 410]		2	byte is th	ne sign bit. See Note 1	
		velocity				for the	specific algorithm.	
		Gyro status		1		All zero	s are normal. See 5.4	
		Counter		1		Output	value range: [0,255]	
		Checksum		1		CRC	check, see note 4	
		Table 5-7 D	ata Frame Forma Valid range	nt of "Ang Byte	ular Velocity - Scale	⊦ Delay" of M	licro Gyro Assembly Remark	
		name						
		Frame header	А4Н	1				
		X-axis				1	from high to low, the	
		angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	1	byte is the sign bit. See Note 1 for	
		velocity				the specific algorithm.		
	<u> </u>					+	from high to low, the	
		Y-axis				1	nificant bit of the first	
		angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	1	sign bit. See Note 1 for	
		velocity				•	pecific algorithm.	
						1	from high to low, the	
		Z-axis					iificant bit of the first	
		angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$		sign bit. See Note 1 for	
		velocity					pecific algorithm.	
		Gyro status		1		<del> </del>	s are normal. See 5.4	
		Gyro status		1				
							irst high and then low,	
		Delay		2			gnificant bit of the first	
						1 -	sign bit. See Note 3 for	
		C11		1		<del> </del>	pecific algorithm.	
Tracing		Checksum		1		CRC	check, see note 4	
Trace		Table 5-8 Da	ata frame format		r velocity + co ombination	ounter + delay	" of micro gyroscope	
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215		Pa	arameter name	Valid range	Byte	Scale		Remark
CAD			Frame header	А5Н	1			
		8	X-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	2-14	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
		8	Y-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
		8	Z-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
		Gy	ro status		1		All zero	s are normal. See 5.4
		(	Counter		1		Output	value range: [0,255]
			Delay		2		the mos	first high and then low, t significant bit of the te is the sign bit. See 2 3 for the specific algorithm.
		C	hecksum		1		CRC	C check, see note 4
			e 5-9 Data f Parameter name	rame format of "a		locity + gyro t mbination Scale	emperature -	+ counter" of micro gyro  Remark
		Fı	ame header	99H	1			
		X-	axis angular	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
Tracing  Trace		Y-	axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
ld base map		Г	1	<u> </u>				
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CAD	Z-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	2-14	most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.
	Gyro status		1		All zero	s are normal. See 5.4
	X-axis gyro temperature	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 2 specific algorithm.
	Y-axis gyro temperature	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 2 specific algorithm.
	Temperature of Z-axis gyroscope	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 2 specific algorithm.
	Counter		1		Output	value range: [0,255]
	Checksum		1		CRC	check, see note 4
	Table 5-10 Data fran	ne format of "ar		ocity + gyro te	mperature +	time delay" of micro gyro
	Parameter name	Valid range	Byte		mperature +	time delay" of micro gyro  Remark
	Parameter		co	mbination	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the	
	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular	Valid range A6H	Byte 1	Scale	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is th	Remark  from high to low, the nificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1
Tracing	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular	Valid range A6H [-410, 410]	Byte  1  3	Scale  2 <sup>-14</sup>	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the Unit: (/s, mos	Remark  from high to low, the nificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 respecific algorithm.  from high to low, the nificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 respecific algorithm.  from high to low, the nificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 respecific algorithm.
Tracing Trace	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular velocity  Z-axis angular velocity	Valid range A6H  [-410, 410]	Byte  1  3	Scale	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the Unit: (/s, most sig by	Remark  —— from high to low, the mificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 aspecific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 aspecific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first are sign bit. See Note 1 aspecific algorithm.
Trace	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular velocity  Z-axis angular	Valid range A6H  [-410, 410]	Byte  1  3	Scale	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the Unit: (/s, most sig by	Remark  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.
	Parameter name Frame header  X-axis angular velocity  Y-axis angular velocity  Z-axis angular velocity	Valid range A6H  [-410, 410]	Byte  1  3	Scale	Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the Unit: (/s, most sig byte is the for the All zero	Remark  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.  from high to low, the mificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 specific algorithm.

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CAD			X-axis gyro temperature	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 2 especific algorithm.
			Y-axis gyro temperature	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 2 especific algorithm.
			Temperature of Z-axis gyroscope	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 2 especific algorithm.
			Delay		2		the mos	first high and then low, t significant bit of the te is the sign bit. See a 3 for the specific algorithm.
			Checksum		1		CRC	check, see note 4
		Ta		ame format of "ar		ocity + gyro ter	mperature +	delay + counter" of micro
			Parameter name	Valid range	Byte	Scale		Remark
			Frame header	A8H	1			
			X-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 e specific algorithm.
			Y-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	most sig	nificant bit of the first ne sign bit. See Note 1 especific algorithm.
Tracing			Z-axis angular velocity	[-410, 410]	3	$2^{-14}$	Unit: (/s, most sig	from high to low, the nificant bit of the first he sign bit. See Note 1 especific algorithm.
			Gyro status		1			os are normal. See 5.4
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	1				Unit: °C	, from high to low, the
CAD		X-axis gyro	[ 120 120]	,	most sig	gnificant bit of the first
CAD		temperature	[-128, 128]	2	$\begin{array}{ c c c } 2^{-8} & \text{byte is t} \end{array}$	he sign bit. See Note 2
	ł				for the	e specific algorithm.
					Unit: °C	, from high to low, the
		Y-axis gyro	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$ most sign	gnificant bit of the first
		temperature	[-126, 126]	2	byte is t	he sign bit. See Note 2
					for the	e specific algorithm.
		Temperature of			Unit: °C	, from high to low, the
		Z-axis	[-128, 128]	2	$2^{-8}$ most sig	gnificant bit of the first
		gyroscope	[-126, 126]	2	byte is t	he sign bit. See Note 2
		gyroscope			for the	e specific algorithm.
					Unit: us,	first high and then low,
					the mos	st significant bit of the
		Delay		2	first by	rte is the sign bit. See
					Not	e 3 for the specific
						algorithm.
		Counter		1	—— Output	t value range: [0,255]
		Checksum		1	CRO	C check, see note 4
		for data bit format	;			$\frac{2^8 + AR_3}{8}$ See Figure 5-1
		velocity of each ax	xis of the gyro	scope;		
		$AR_2$ (	Outputting the	e middle	e eight bits of the three	ee bytes for the angular
		velocity of each ax				
			_	wer eigh	t bits of the three bytes	for the angular velocity
Tracing	1	of each axis of the	gyro.			
	1	<b>←</b> AR <sub>1</sub> −			- AR <sub>2</sub>	—— AR₃ ———
Trace	1	Bit 23 Bit 22 Bit 21 Bit 20 Bit 28 28 27 28 2	19 Bit 18 Bit 17 Bit 16 Bit 5 2 <sup>4</sup> 2 <sup>3</sup> 2 <sup>2</sup> 2	15 Bit 14 Bit 13	Bit 12 Bit 11 Bit 10 Bit 9 Bit 8 Bit 7 Bit 6  22 23 24 25 26 27 28	
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Figure 5-1 Converting the Gyro Angular Velocity Output to [°/s]

2) Temperature output [°C] =  $\frac{T_1 \cdot 2^8 + T_2}{2^8}$ ? See Figure 5-2 for data bit format.

Among  $T_1$  Outputs the upper eight bits of the two bytes for each axis temperature;

 $T_2$  Outputs the lower eight bits of the two bytes for each axis temperature.

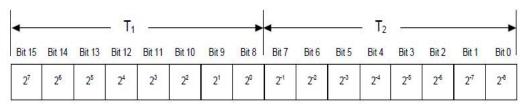


Figure 5-2 Converting Temperature Output to [°C]

3) Delay time output [us] =  $T_1 \cdot 2^8 + T_2$ 

Where, T<sub>1</sub>is the high eight bits in the two bytes of the delay time output; T<sub>2</sub>outputs the lower eight bits of the two bytes for the delay time.

4) CRC check method

The CRC uses a standard CRC-8 polynomial,  $x^8 + x^2 + x + 1$  See Appendix B for the list of data tables and lookup function codes generated from the polynomial.

# 5.4 Self-check function and real-time output function of working status

The product has the functions of self-checking and real-time output of working status. The data frame contains a byte indicating the status, and the real-time output of product working status information begins after the power-on start is completed. The status bits are defined in Table 5-12.

Table 5-12 Product Status Bit Definitions

Bit	Definition
7	0 = normal, standby
6	0 = normal, standby
5	0 = normal, 1 = abnormal external environment
4	0 = normal, 1 = three axes out of service condition
3	0 = normal, standby
2	0 = OK, $1 = Z$ axis out of use condition or error
1	0 = OK, $1 = Y$ axis out of use condition or error
0	0 = OK, $1 = X$ axis out of use condition or error

Tracing
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# 6 Functional testing

# 6.1 Test equipment and instrumentation required

The equipment and instruments required in the test include: DC regulated power supply, computer, turntable, test tooling and test cable.

## 6.2 Functional testing

The product is in a static state, and the DC regulated power supply is used to supply power to the product. The power supply requirements meet the requirements of 1.2.2. The specific connection mode of the product is shown in Figure 6-1. Data is received according to the communication protocol, and the angular velocity output of the product is received and displayed by the upper computer receiving software.

Rotate the gyroscope assembly in the positive direction around X, Y and Z respectively (if conditions permit, the turntable can be used for input, and if conditions do not permit, it can be rotated by hand), and the angular velocity output of the corresponding axis can be monitored as the positive angular rate. Rotate the product reversely around X, Y and Z respectively, and the angular velocity output of the corresponding axis can be monitored to be a negative angular velocity. It indicates that the angular velocity output polarity of the product is correct. The two angular rate values at the output of the product shall be in the vicinity of 0 deg/s under stationary conditions.

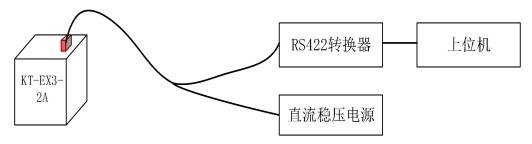


Figure 6-1 Schematic diagram of gyro combination test connection

# 7 Use and maintenance requirements

Before use, the installation position of the system must be checked to ensure correct installation. Carefully check the connection of each signal line to ensure that the connection is correct.

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Diskette		_	ver-on, check the cable		contact and	l power	supply value, and
CAD		In use, the	y polarity shall not be revenechanical grounding of ct contains precision inst	the syste		_	
			should be stored in a we				
		_	relative humidity of no				_
		corrosive gases.					
		Appendix A I	Packing List				
			IMU3-2A Micro Gyroscope	e Combina	tion Product	Matching	g Table
		Serial number	Name		Quantity	Unit	Remark
		1	IMU3-2A Products		1	Taiwan	
		2	Product certificate		1	Share	
		3	Product CD (including use software View, product instruction manual, softwa manual, etc.)		1	Zhang	
		4	Packing list		1	Share	
		5	Product packing box		1	A	
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		Annendix B	CRC Lookin	Table and Lookup Funct	ion
		Appendix B	CIC LOOKU	Table and Lookup I unce	1011
		Query table f	For B1 CRC8		
		static uint8 t crc8	stable[256] = {		
		0x00,0x07,0x0E,0	0x09,0x1C,0x1B,0	0x12,0x15,0x38,0x3F,0x36,0x31,0x24	1,0x23,0x2A,0x2D,
				0x62,0x65,0x48,0x4F,0x46,0x41,0x54	
				0xF2,0xF5,0xD8,0xDF,0xD6,0xD1,0x	
				x82,0x85,0xA8,0xAF,0xA6,0xA1,0x	
		0xC7,0xC0,0xC9	,0xCE,0xDB,0xD0	C,0xD5,0xD2,0xFF,0xF8,0xF1,0xF6,	0xE3,0xE4,0xED,0xEA,
		0xB7,0xB0,0xB9	,0xBE,0xAB,0xA0	C,0xA5,0xA2,0x8F,0x88,0x81,0x86,0	0x93,0x94,0x9D,0x9A,
		0x27,0x20,0x29.0	)x2E,0x3B,0x3C.0	0x35,0x32,0x1F,0x18,0x11,0x16,0x03	3,0x04,0x0D,0x0A,
				x45,0x42,0x6F,0x68,0x61,0x66,0x73	
				(9B,0x9C,0xB1,0xB6,0xBF,0xB8,0x	
				0xEB,0xEC,0xC1,0xC6,0xCF,0xC8,0	
				x7B,0x7C,0x51,0x56,0x5F,0x58,0x41	
		0x19,0x1E,0x17,0	0x10,0x05,0x02,0x	x0B,0x0C,0x21,0x26,0x2F,0x28,0x3	D,0x3A,0x33,0x34,
		0x4E,0x49,0x40,0	0x47,0x52,0x55,0x	x5C,0x5B,0x76,0x71,0x78,0x7F,0x6	A,0x6D,0x64,0x63,
т				x2C,0x2B,0x06,0x01,0x08,0x0F,0x1	
Tracing				5,0xBC,0xBB,0x96,0x91,0x98,0x9F,0	
T			J,UXD/,UXC2,UXC3	5,0xCC,0xCB,0xE6,0xE1,0xE8,0xEF	,UXFA,UXFD,UXF4,UXF3
Trace		<b>}</b> ;			
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Diskette	_	B2 is a table	lookup functio	on that returns the calculated	d CRC value
CAD	1		nt8_t *ptr, uint8_t le		
CAD	1	{			
		uint8_t crc = while (len)			
		{			
		crc = cr	c8_table[crc ^ *ptr	++];	
		} return (crc);			
		}			
		Uint8 _ t is o	f type byte.		
Tracing					
Trace					
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Appendix C Product Naming Rules  The product type spectrum is designed according to the standardization requirements, and the specific product type spectrum naming rules are as follows:  IMU 3-1y-XX  Product standard code IMU: product name  Product standard code IMU: product name  Product standard code IMU: product name  Product standard code IMU: product standard code IMU: product name  Product standard code IMU: product
Tracing  1 = Single axis gyro  2 = 2-axis gyro combination  3 = Triaxial Gyro Assembly  5 = Tilt sensor  6 = 6-Dof IMU  7 = Combined attitude measurement (VG or AHRS)  8 = Integrated Navigation System  9 = IMU with other sensors  10 = satellite navigation receiver  Tracing  Trace
Old base map
Base map IMU3-2A EX2.900.001SM
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